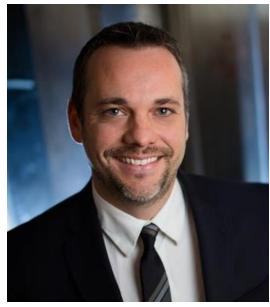


Cast of Characters



Dr. Katie Lawson

Executive Director of
Special Programs
North Kansas City Schools



Todd Ferking, AIA K-12 Design Leader DLR Group



Ian Kilpatrick, AIA K-12 Design Leader DLR Group



Dr. Marilyn Denison
Teaching and Learning Designer
DLR Group

Brain Smart® Start

Unite

Increase Energy Decrease Energy

Connect

Increase Attention Increase Motivation Organized Energy



Disengage Stress

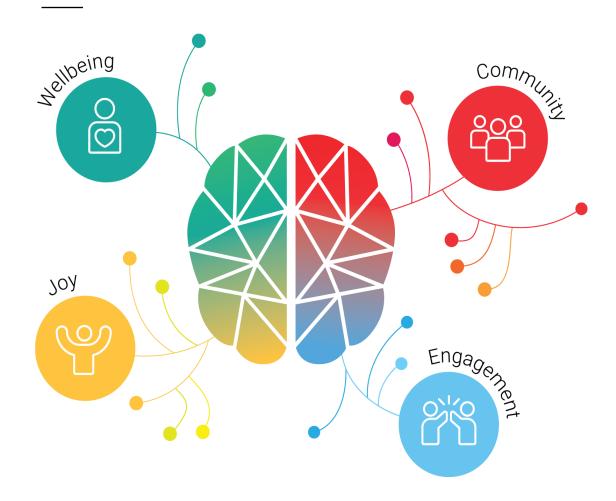
Calm Down Classroom Organized Quiet Shift Gears / Transitions

Commit

Activate Frontal Lobes
Focus on Attention
Increase Success



Early Learning Development



We know that 90% of brain growth happens before Kindergarten.

The research shows a multifaceted learning environment is critical to this development.









Wellbeing

Safe
Healthy
Comfort
Support
Nutrition
Trauma Informed









Community

Relationships
Learners
Educators
Parents
Diversity
Identity
Welcoming
Inclusive
Enduring







Engagement

Creativity
Collaboration
Inspiration
Sensory
Variety
Movement
Flexibility
Transparency





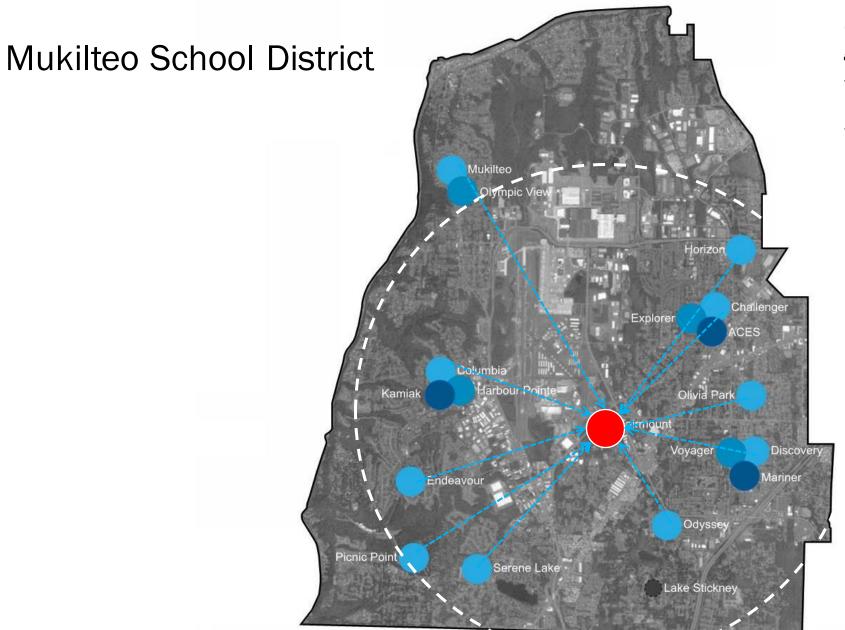


Joy

Creativity
Curiosity
Wonderment
Beauty
Nature
Celebration
Pride







"The idea that everything is leveled for kids, empowers 5-year olds. That empowerment then allows them to grow not only academically, but socially and emotionally which is even bigger than the academics."

- Educator

- 600 Student Kindergarten
- Draws students district-wide
- 65,000 SF

My Day in Kindergarten



Lisa Johnson Principal in Charge



Todd Ferking Lead Designer



Craig Mason
Educational Designer



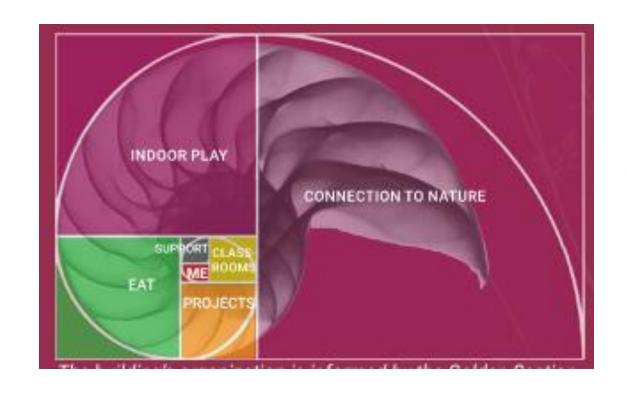
Todd Bishop Project Manager

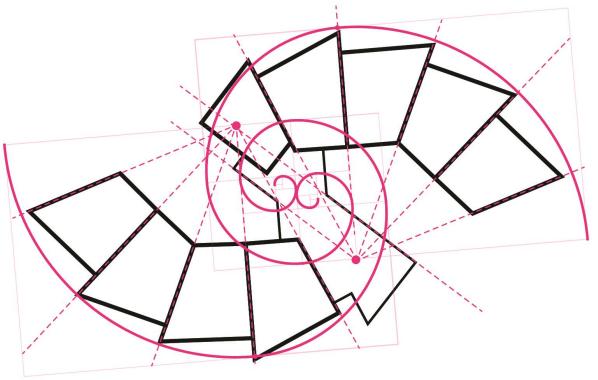




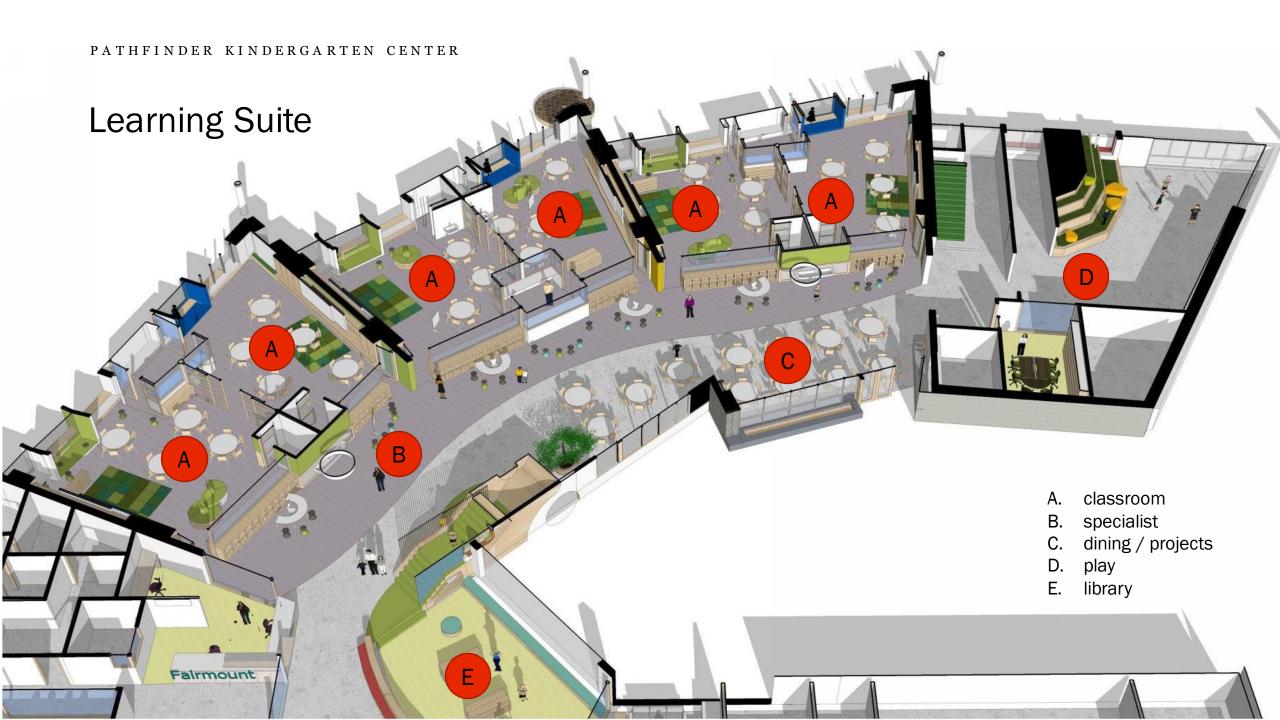
















specialist support



multi-modal classrooms

dining and projects



thermal comfort



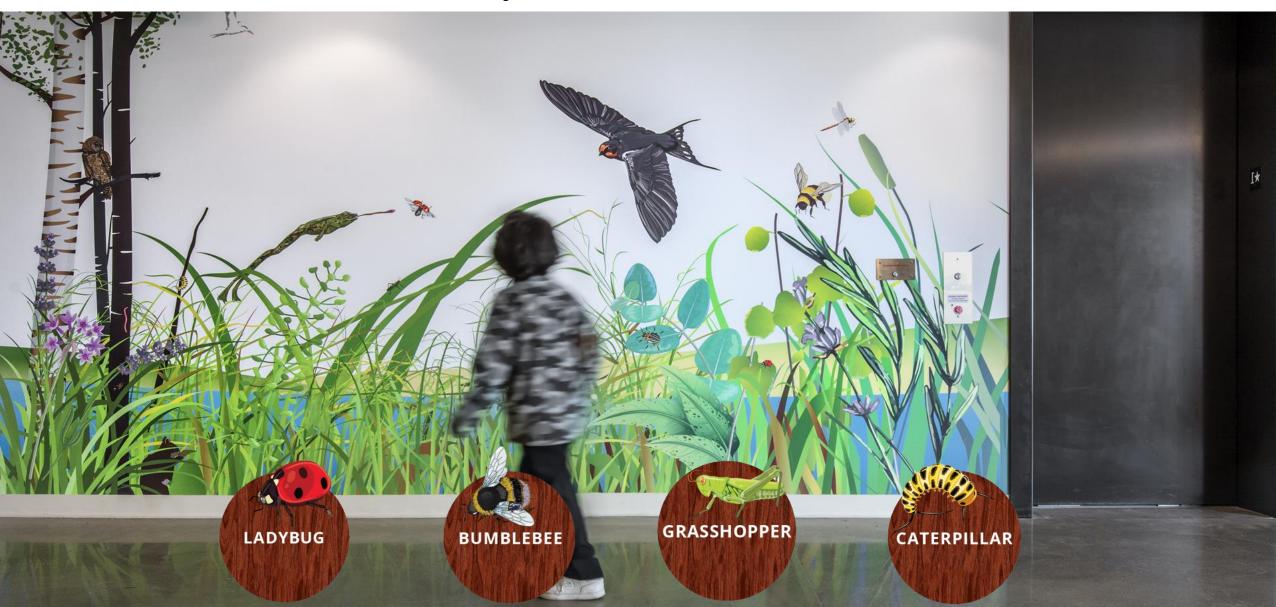
acoustics



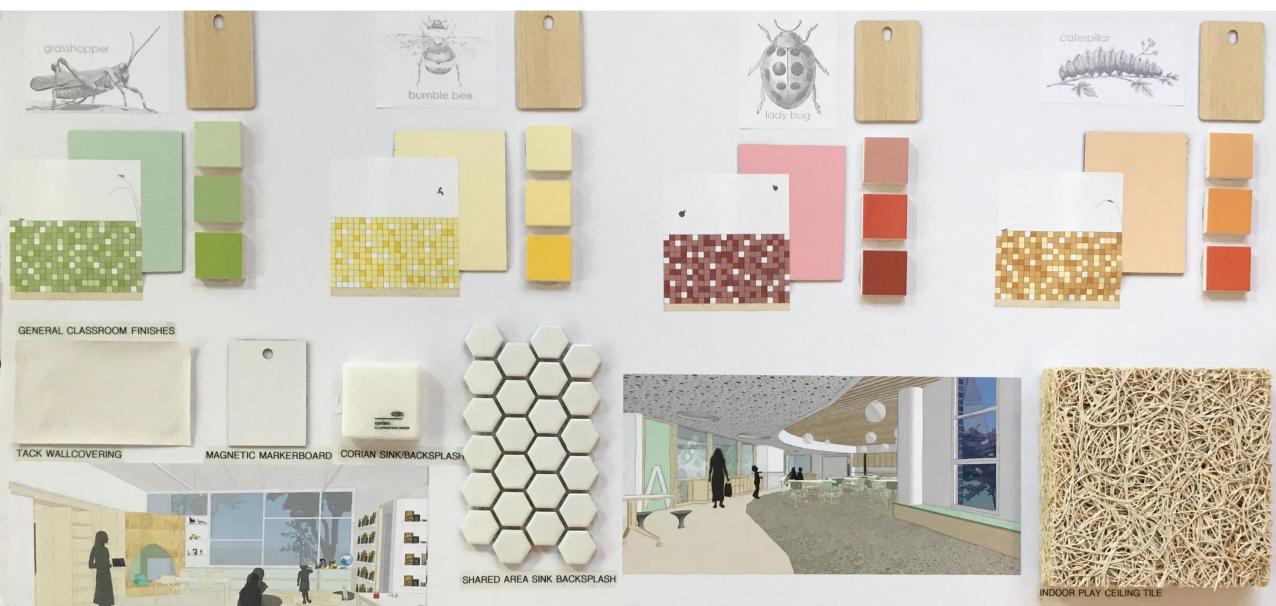
daylighting



Wonderment and Discovery



Wonderment and Discovery



Play and Kinesthetic Learning





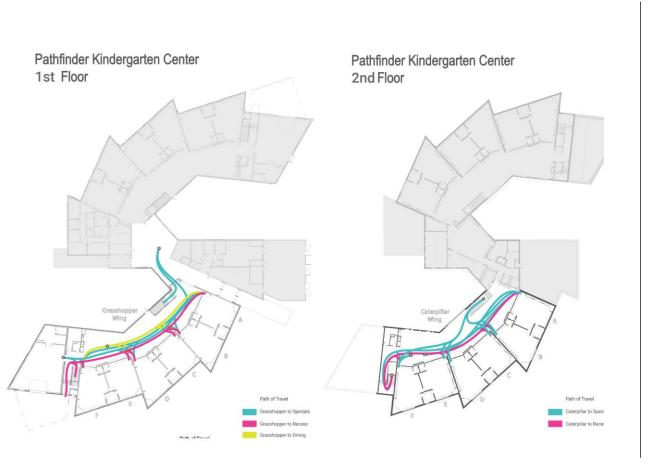


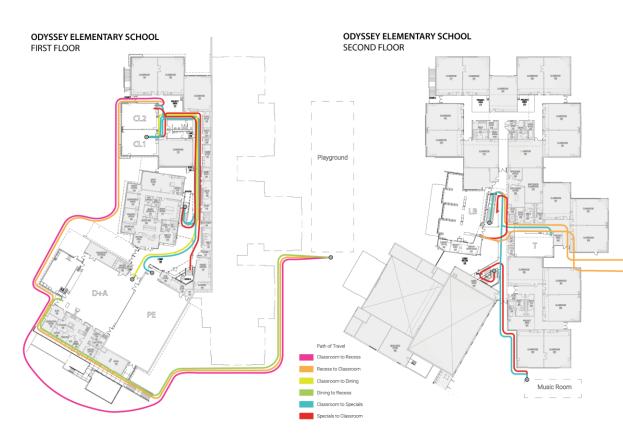




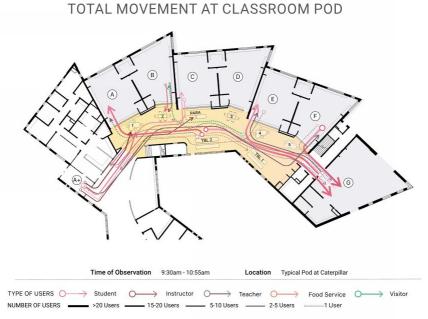


Post Occupancy Research on Transition Reduction

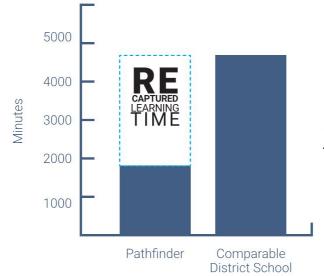












1 Week additional leatime

PATHFINDER KINDERGARTEN CENTER

This study is an immediate classic! It's accessible and educational -- should be taught in research and design classes.



2021 Certificate of Research Excellence (CORE) Merit Certification

Journal of Education and Learning; Vol. 9, No. 2; 2020 ISSN 1927-5250 E-ISSN 1927-5269 Published by Canadian Center of Science and Education

Transforming the Kindergarten Experience by Design: A Comparative Research Case Study

Raechel French¹, Lennie Scott-Webber² & Anjana Sivakumar³

Corresponding author, Lennie Scott-Webber, INSYNC: Education Research + Design, 14223 Wild Timber Court, Estero, FL, 33928, USA. E-mail: lenniesw.insync@yahoo.com

Received: December 10, 2019 Accepted: January 18, 2020 Online Published: February 17, 2020

doi:10.5539/jel.v9n2p82 URL: https://doi.org/10.5539/jel.v9n2p82

Abstract

Kindergarten education is becoming a priority throughout the USA as research shows its importance on later in life outcomes. The State of Washington instated full-day kindergarten for all public-school students beginning in 2016–2017. It "...is part of the state's constitutionally protected definition of 'Basic Education'" (Reykdal, n.d., n.p.), working to support all children in the state. Acting on this new state requirement, one school district chose to design and build a center dedicated solely to kindergarten education, housing approximately 600 kindergarteners. The school was divided into four 'neighborhood pods' each with immediate access to specific activity programs (i.e., dining, interventionists, elective functions) reflecting a new 'expanded push-in' model and reduce transition times. This model was compared with a 'traditionally' operated kindergarten where learners travel to activity programs throughout a campus (i.e., dining, interventionists, electives). A human-centered research design using mixed-methods for this comparison study between an 'expanded push-in' and a 'traditional' model was used to understand the impact of this new architectural solution particularly focused on timing transitions between the classroom and activity programs by recaptured seven school days of learning time (approximately 45 hours), when compared to the traditional one, and more positive connections between students/students, teachers/teachers, and students/teachers to build community.

Keywords: design, education, post-occupancy, case study, kindergarten, ethnographic research

1. Introduction

Evidence suggests a kindergarten experience is a critical path for all children. "Students who attend school from kindergarten through secondary school typically spend more that 13,000 hours of the developing brain's time in the presence of teachers" (Desautels, 2016). Clearly, kindergarten is important, but putting 600 students in one building is unusual and perhaps unprecedented for this level of cohort. This situation necessitated a new design vision to support the state's new mandate.

The vision for the design team began by first understanding why 'it' (a kindergarten center to host 600 children) was needed. And then, and perhaps more importantly, how it would function for all of these children along with the host of educators and staff who would be working here. The design team also spent time at different kindergarten sites throughout the district to understand first-hand how learning was currently experienced.

The new design vision resulted in the development of community bringing all of the typically spread out activity program areas into what is now referenced as 'neighborhood pods.' This vision was to support the building of community and facilitate less time for students transitioning from their classroom to the activity programs (i.e., gym, or dining, or playground, or other specific activity program areas). A design hypothesis was generated suggesting a change from a more 'traditional' model (students moving across a campus to access activity programs) to this 'expanded push-in' model (activity programs accessed within a neighborhood) would amount to approximately 15 extra days of learning without having to add any extra days to the school calendar. Once the building was built and 'lived in' for almost one year of occupancy, the architectural firm's K12 education design team decided to vet their design hypothesis using a case study research method. The comparative research case

DLR Group, K12 Education Planner, Austin, TX, USA

² AIA Affiliate, Estero, FL, USA

³ DLR Group, LEED Green Associate, Architectural Designer, Austin, TX, USA

Educator's Experience



"This is incredible. I've never sat next to a spec teacher. We were always in our own little island, and we would never talk." – Specialist I think that the design really lends itself to a family-kind of community and I think that has a huge impact." - Educator





120+

Languages spoken in the district

48.6%

Students receive free or reduced lunch

45%

Student population is non-white

21,000 Students Grades PreK-12



Largest district in Kansas City



Second largest district in Missouri



More new home construction permits

Framing Thoughts

Kansas City, Missouri Mayor James wanted to create a tax for pre-K NKC Schools agreed, but had a different strategy

- Inclusion of all 14 municipalities
- A sustainable funding source requiring no new taxes
- Curriculum with continuity into K-12 learning
- Best equip some of our students with greatest need for success in kindergarten and beyond

Research suggests that success in Pre-K equates to success throughout a K-12 career and into life.

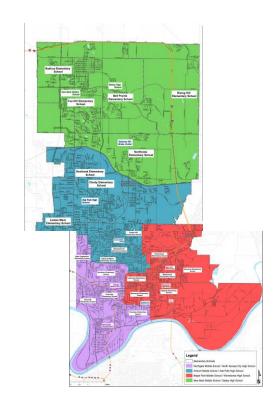
Where We Came From

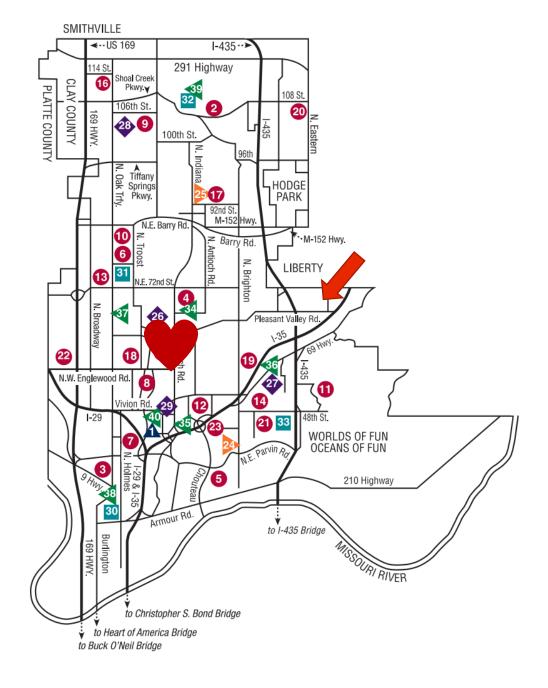


Aging converted elementary school on eastern edge of the district with a capacity of 9 classrooms

Dispersed classrooms throughout the district-22 classrooms

All half-day programming



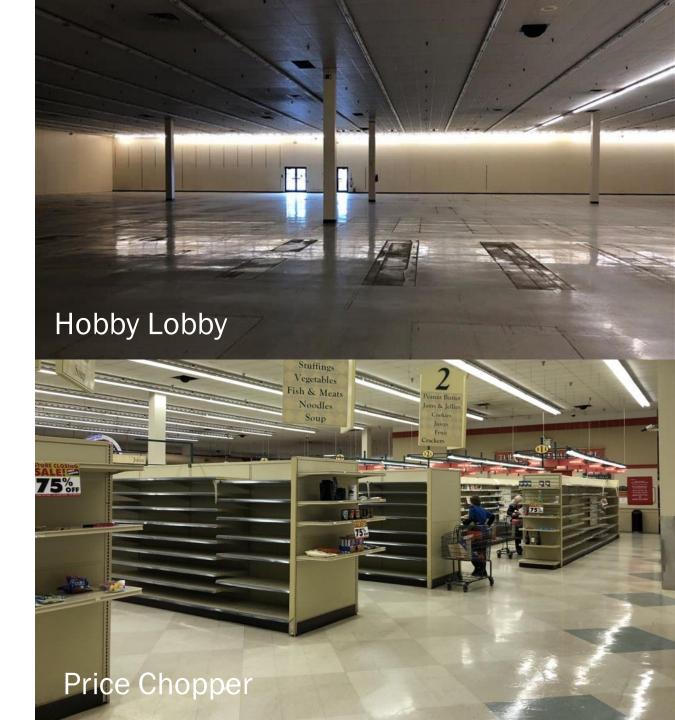




The Before

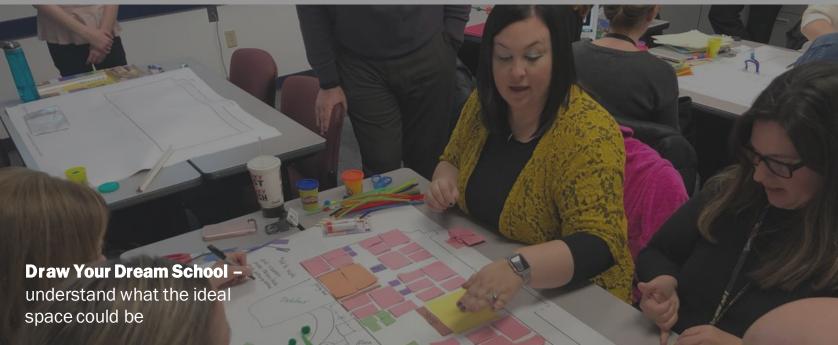
PROVOCATION

How do we repurpose two big box stores into a cohesive, engaging and future ready learning environment while also reinvigorating a local community?











A Continuum – Minimizing Transitions



Age:

Interests: GI-Joe

Paw Patrol Fire Trucks

Trains

Traits: Autistic

Single parent

El

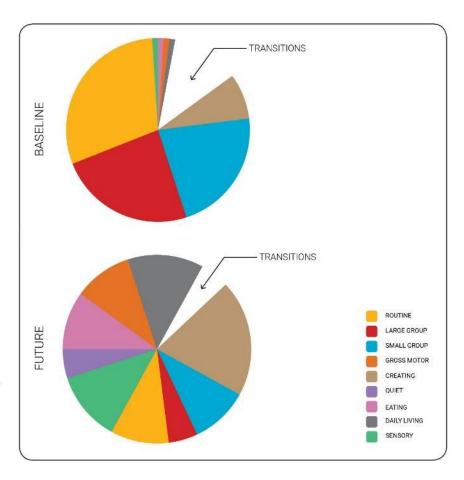
Younger sibling - in process

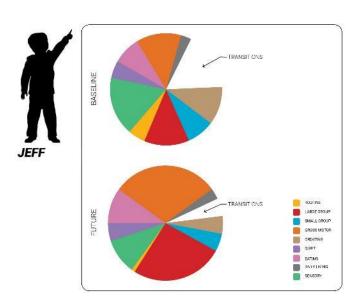
Disruptors: Visual Impairment: learning to use

cane, received two weeks ago

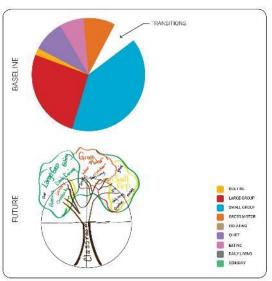
Language Barrier: new to the country

and does not speak english

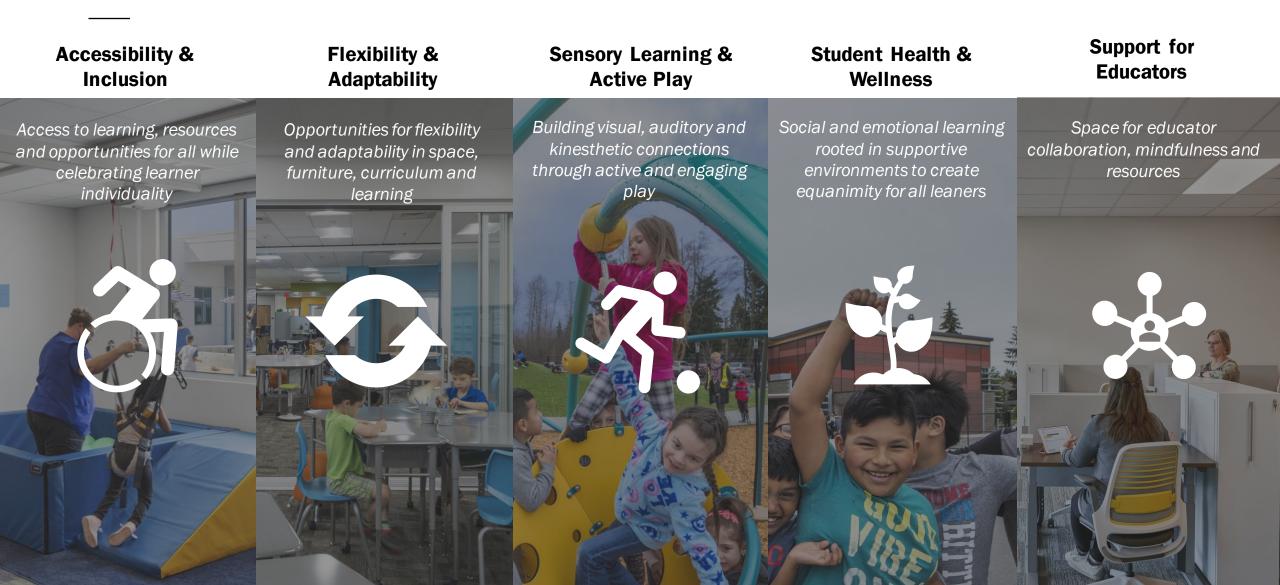








Guiding Principles









Overall Floor Plan

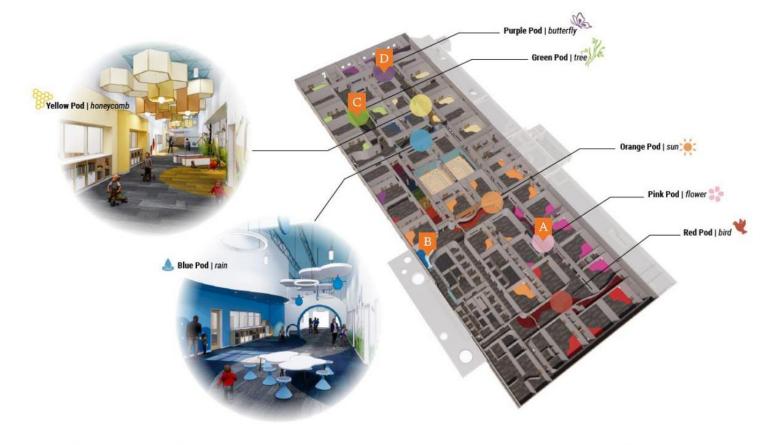
LEGEND

- 1 MAIN ENTRY
- 2 CLASSROOM
- 3 MULTIPURPOSE ROOM
- 4 BLUE POD
- 5 GREEN POD
- 6 PURPLE POD
- 7 YELLOW POD
- 8 ORANGE POD
- 9 PINK POD
- 10 RED POD
- 11 TEACHER PLANNING
- 12 NURSE SUITE
- 13 BACK OF HOUSE
- 14 KITCHEN
- 15 MAIN ADMINISTRATION
- 16 RAINBOW ROW
- 17 SECONDARY ENTRANCE
- 18 OT/PT



Breaking Down the Scale

Environmental psychology research shows that people have a strong, innate, unconscious response to aspects of nature, from direct elements like daylight and fresh air, to natural references like materials and colors.



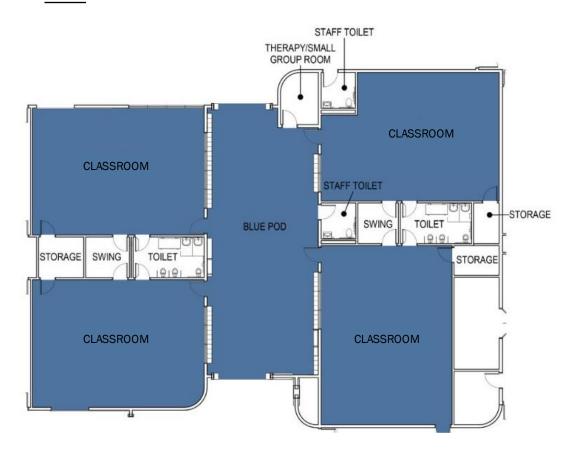


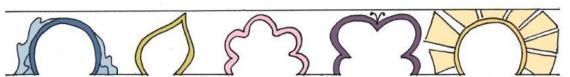




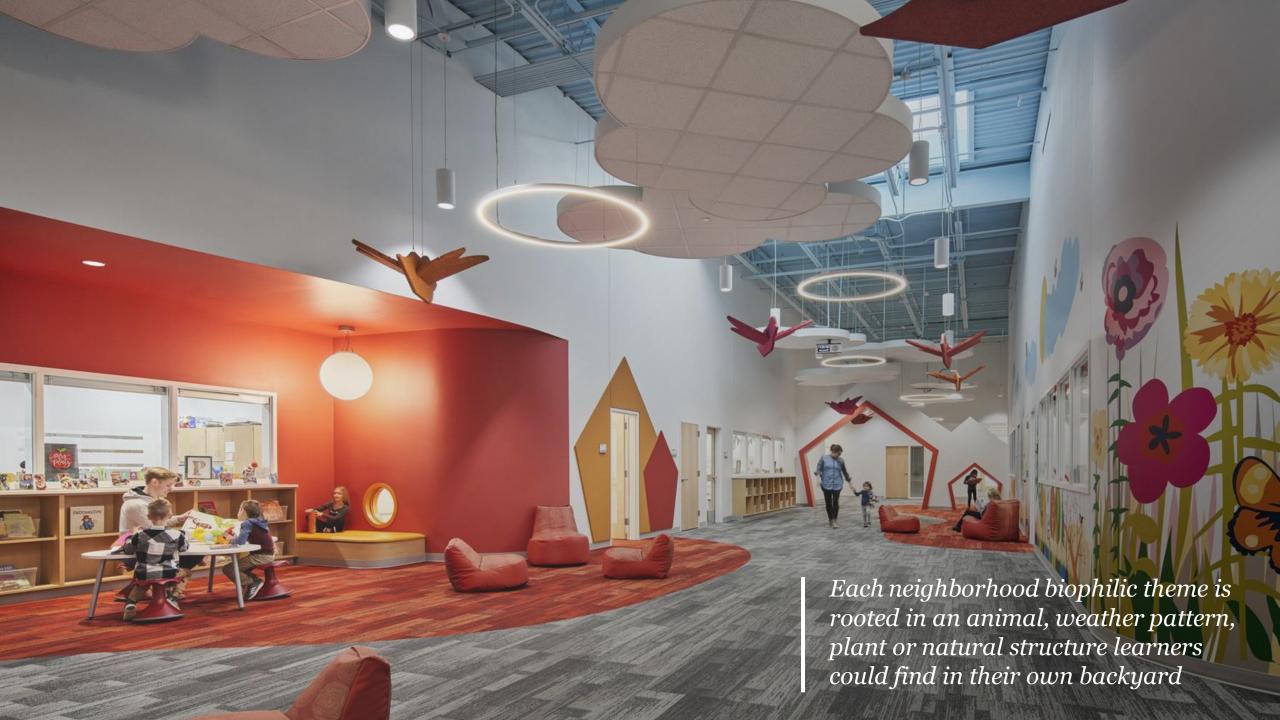


The Neighborhood













Extending Learning Outside

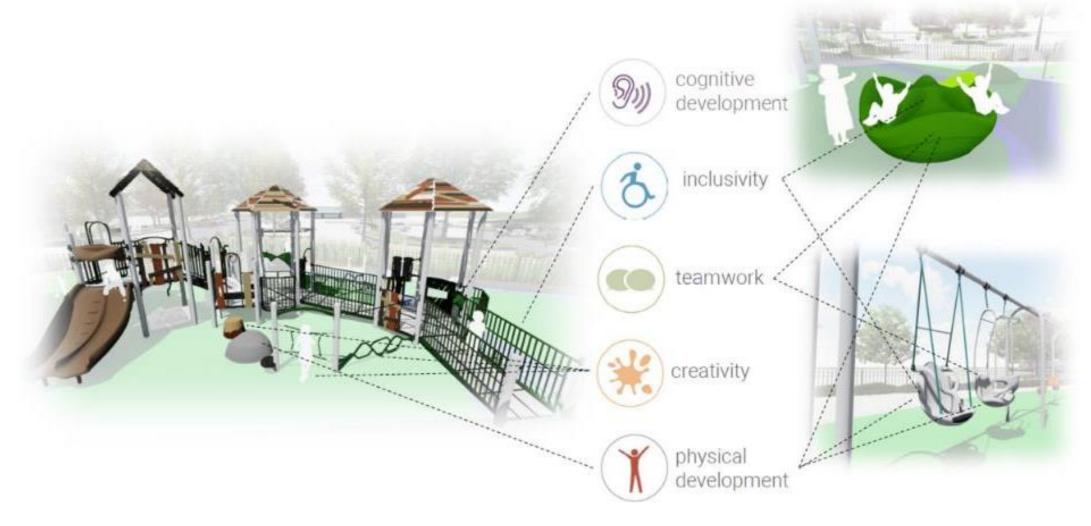








Equitable Play



Weaving It All Together







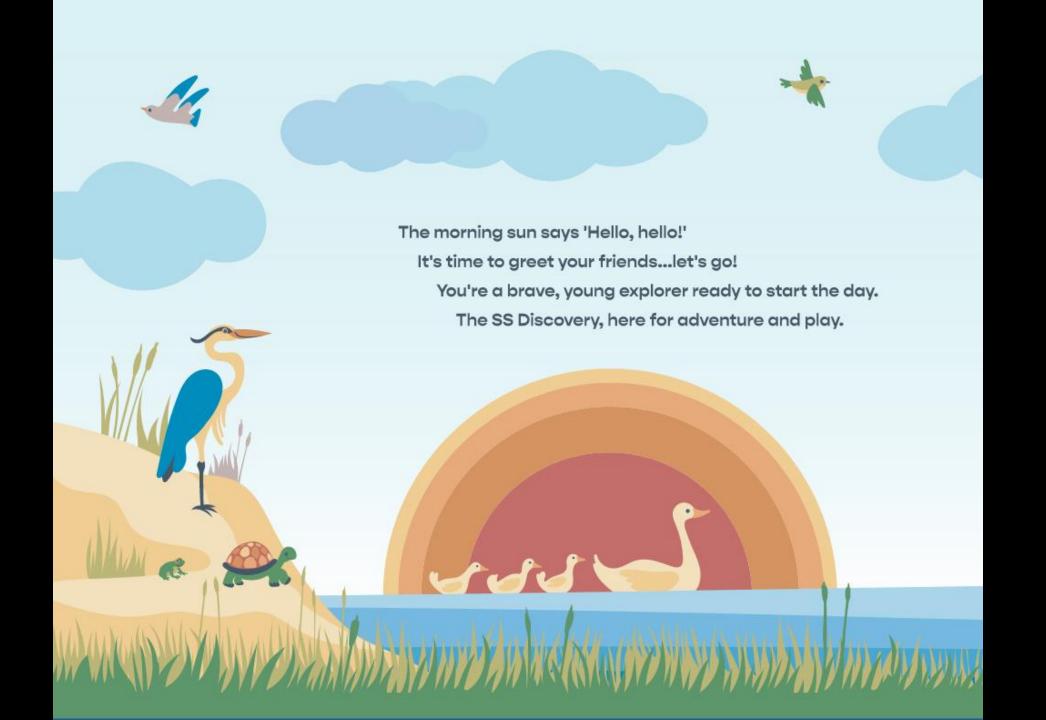
















Connect with Us



Dr. Katie Lawson

Executive Director of
Special Programs
North Kansas City Schools

katie.lawson@nkcschools.org



Todd Ferking, AIA K-12 Design Leader DLR Group

tferking@dlrgroup.com



Ian Kilpatrick, AIA K-12 Design Leader DLR Group

ikilpatrick@dlrgroup.com



Dr. Marilyn Denison
Teaching and Learning Designer
DLR Group

mdenison@dlrgroup.com