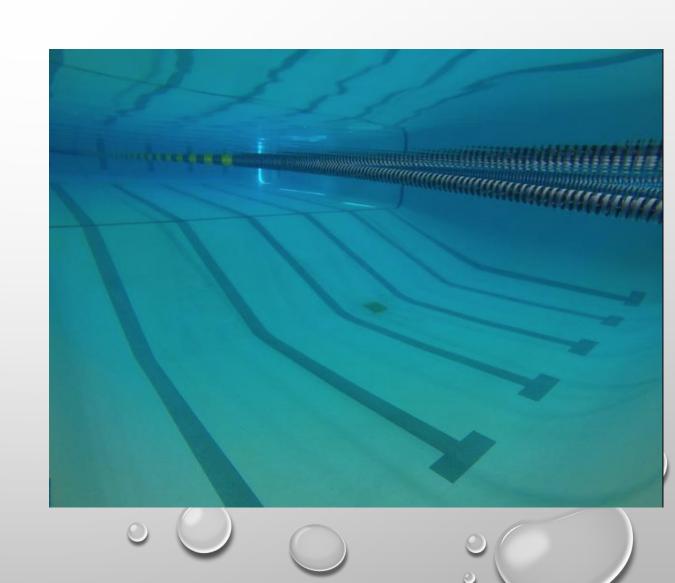


THE DEEP END OF THE POOL

- FUTURE OF EDUCATION IN AMERICA
- FUTURE OF THE LEARNING SPACES IN AMERICA – WHAT IS HAPPENING RIGHT NOW AND MOVING INTO THE NEXT TEN YEARS?
- FUTURE OF LEARNING IN THE YOUNG HUMAN
- WHAT IT MEANS FOR US HERE TODAY

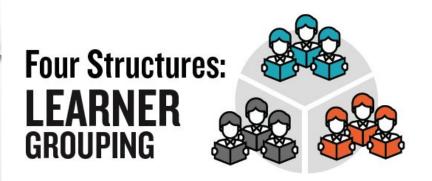




WHAT IS CHANGING?

- NUMBER OF CHILDREN AND NUMBER OF ADULTS
- GROUPING OF ADULTS (DEPARTMENTS AND IDENTITY)
- GROUPING OF CHILDREN (GROUPING BY AGE)
- STRUCTURE OF LEADERSHIP (NUMBER OF OFFICES)
- WEATHER (OPEN AREAS AND COVERED AREAS)





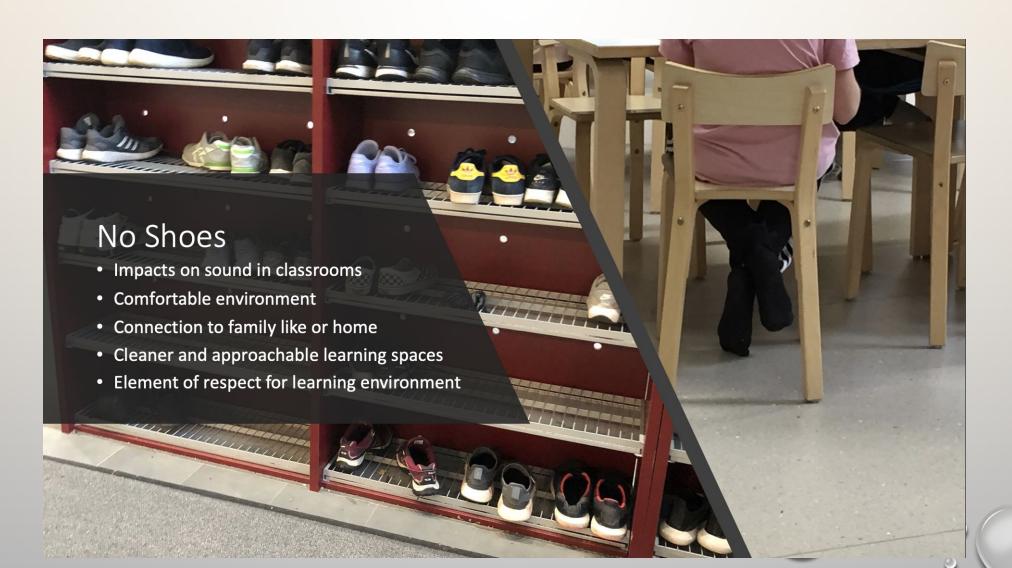
Instructional Grouping Choices: VARIABLES



PURPOSE - Identity

- Voluntary/ Teacher determined
- Long term /short term
- Facilitation of group/ Independent
- Numbers in group

BALANCED HEALTHY HUMAN BEINGS





SELF NAVIGATION TOOL

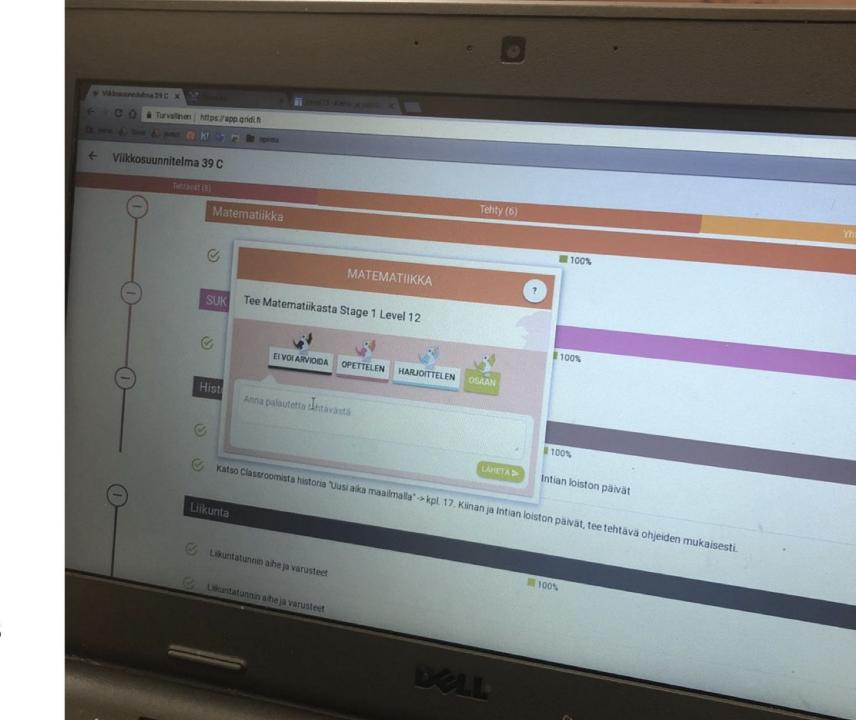
Learning Targets	I got this	I need this	Fe	edback	
I am good at these					
I need to practice these					
I still need to learn these					
My learning plan:					
Learning Targets		Learning Strategies			
			•	0	

0 /

The How — Formative Assessment

Everything is about "for" learning — building the habits of growing competence and confidence in the learner.

- Setting and managing goals
- Monitoring growth over time
- Demonstrating readiness





The Power of One

- Personal pace
- •Self-reflection
- •Confronting competence
- •Thriving competence
- Creative risks
- •Stakeholder in task

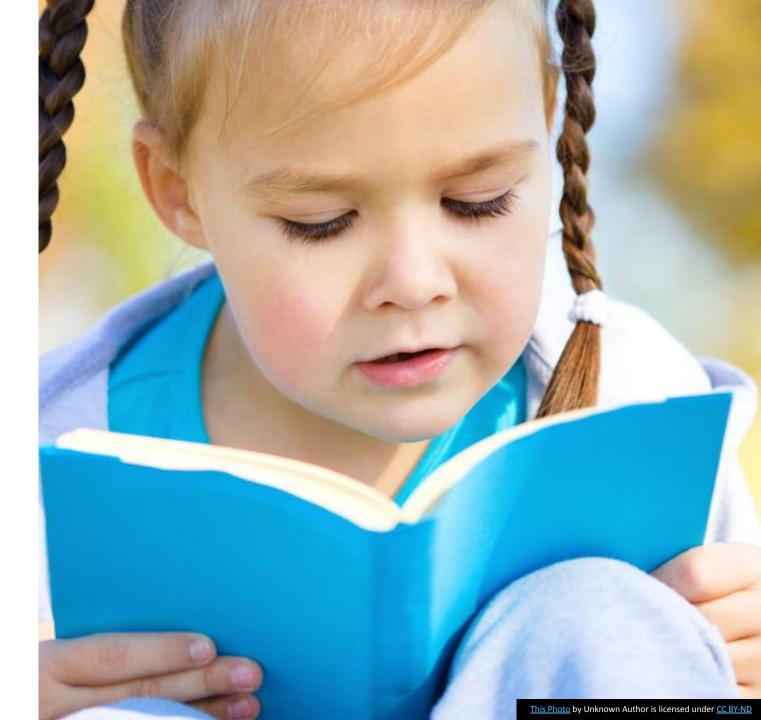


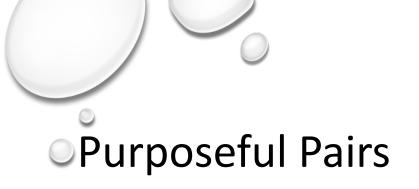
The Importance of Working Solo

Ultimately each learner is on his or her own journey.

Confidence is developed with each personal step.

Fascination, curiosity and interest is a personal motivator.





- Shared reflection
- Focused communication
- Honest feedback
- Possible parallel work





Problem Solving Trios and Quartets

- Completing tasks
- Problem solvers
- •Group performances
- •Role designations
- •Sense of affiliation

Flexible Grouping

- Students make choices about location for group work
- Students encouraged to use furniture to support their learning
- Students grouped in a classroom and moved through learning environments as appropriate





Discussion Groups 5 to 8

- Enough members for an array of opinions.
- Enough members to counter one dominant member.
- Formal discussion groupings.
- Informal open-ended groupings.
- Reflection on both process and ideas is critical.

12 is a Quorum

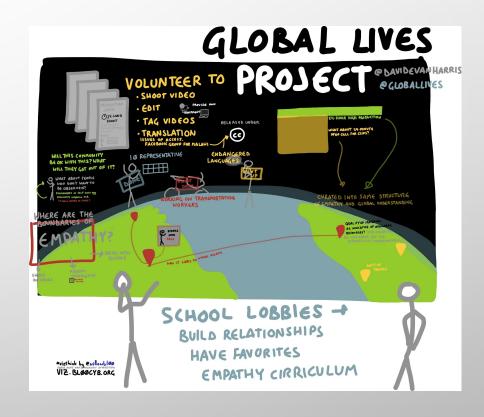
- •Direct instruction coupled with interaction.
- •Can work as a large group with sub-groups.
- •Sensibility of a team.
- •Identity is still maintained with 12.





Expanding Community Grouping: Local, Global, Virtual









Grouping of Professionals





IMPACT OF TEACHER SHORTAGE

- VERTICAL GROUPING
- USE OF LARGER SPACES AS "CLASSROOMS"
- PARTNERSHIP MODELS FOR LEADERSHIP AND TEACHING
- USE OF COMMUNITY
- SMALLER CURRICULUMS

HIERARCHICAL GROUPING





NETWORKING



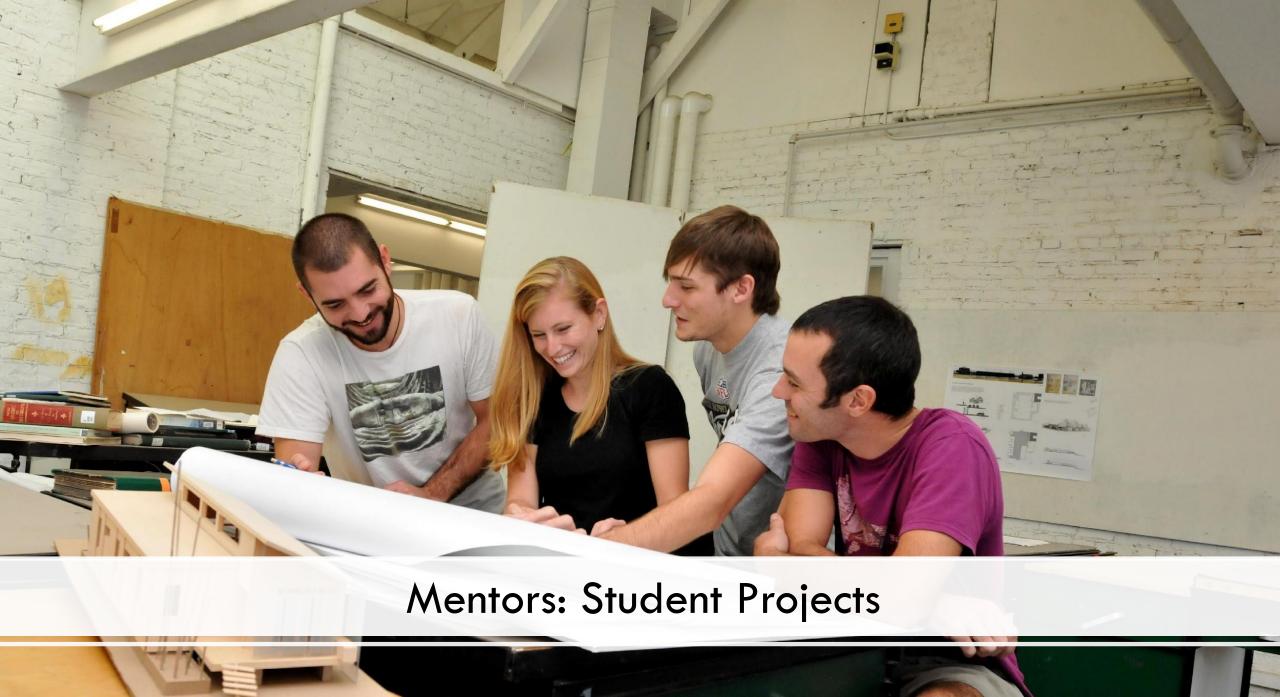
Affiliations can be curricular







Grouping by Teaching Talent















Global Teams

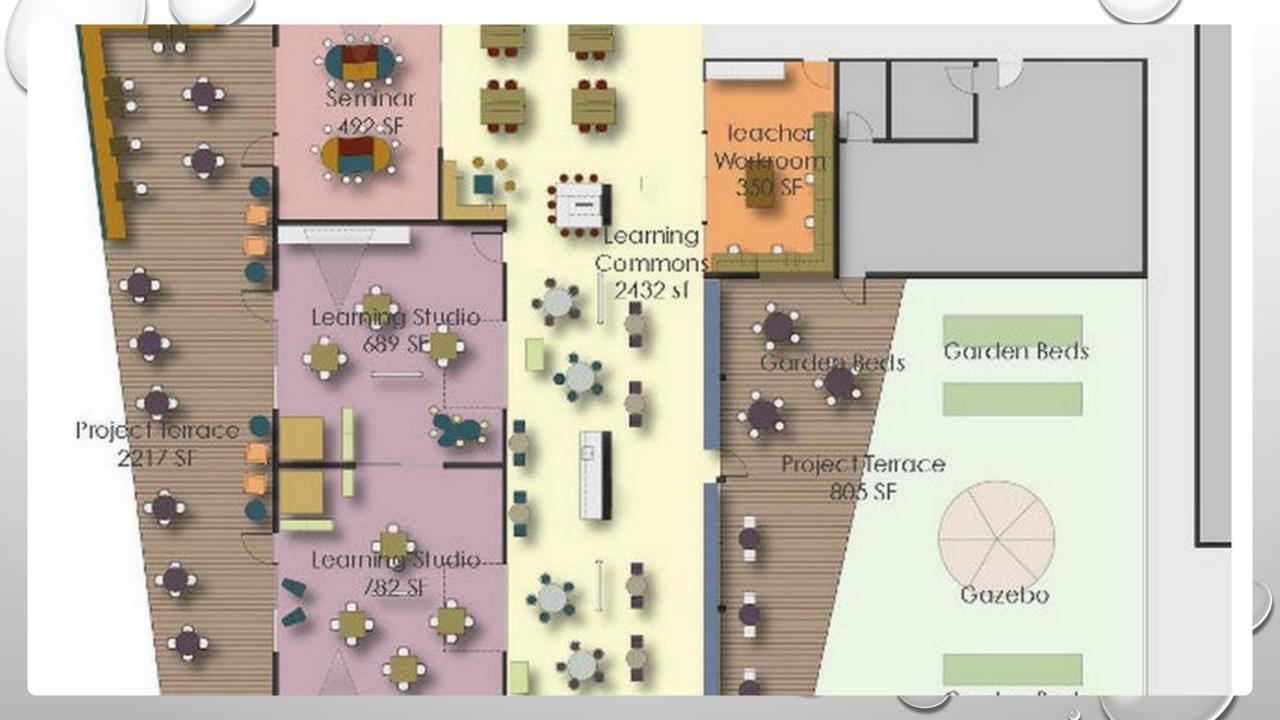
Correspond to Student Grouping Patterns

Student Grouping Pattern	Teacher Configuration	
Grade level grouping	Classroom teacher or team	
Multi-age grouping	Teacher team	
Interdisciplinary –single or multi-grade	Interdisciplinary team	
Pathway model –high school	Cohort coach	
Quest-Based Projects	Match with Advisor	



WHAT IS THE FUTURE OF THE "CLASSROOM"?

- CAFÉ MODELS
- DOUBLE WIDTH FOR STORAGE
 OF PURPOSES
- ON STAGE
- OFF STAGE
- STORAGE





Four Structures: SCHEDULES

Breaking away from the Tyranny of Time

TIME and SCHEDULE by HABIT

- Long term habits
- Short term inhibitors
- Reimagining existing opportunities
- Flip function following form
- Opening up fresh possibilities
- Future forward planning

Consider impact on learning when time OPENS up:

- •Replace graduation dates and deadlines with learning progressions.
- •Some learners take more time and others finish at a younger age.
- Early entrance into college.
- Replace graduation with credentialing
- Start school when ready.
- Starting school later as in Finland







Four Basic Models

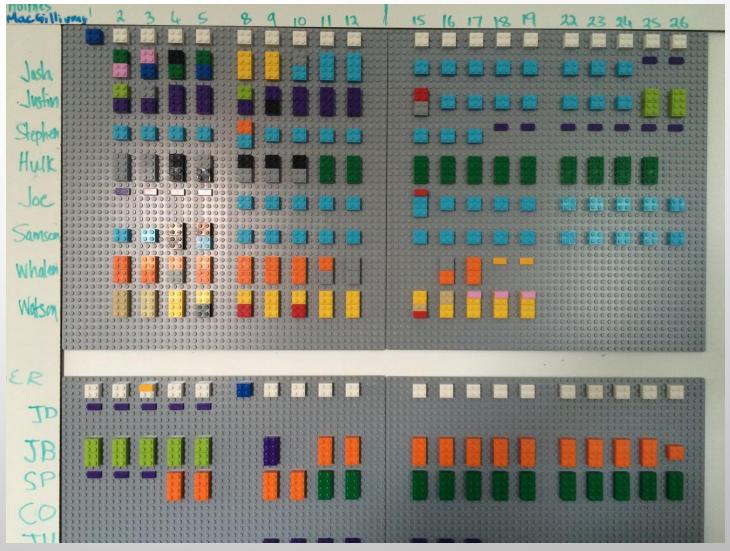
Often schools combine different models to achieve a schedule that really works.

- Industrial model of different blocks of time but still often grouping students by age.
- Vertical model of grouping students by subject and ability all at the same time.
- A La Carte model where students access teachers and support anytime they need as they complete individualized and personalized pathways of study.
- Bidding for time model where teachers match specific learning targets or bundles of learning targets to exactly the amount of time they need and then varied schedules are given to groups of students.

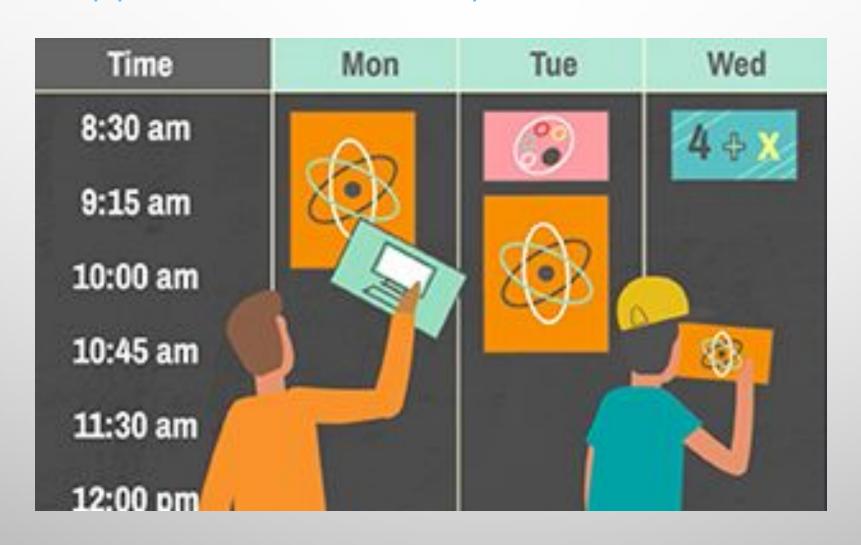
Planning a Schedule

The Highschool group in Billings MT wanted to see how compliance to state laws and AP courses would work in a bidding for time model. They used lego bricks to build out their requirements and then placed them in the bidding sample.

They quickly saw that they ended up with MORE time when it was used efficiently by the team.



https://unlockingtime.org/school-schedule-resources



Options:

- 1. Traditional standard periods
- 2. Rotating Standard periods
- 3. 4x4 block (students take 4 courses a semester)
- 4. A/B block
- 5. Rotating block
- 6. Modified block
- 7. Parallel block
- 8. Intensive block
- 9. Flexible
- 10. Flex-mod (ten to ninety minutes or longer)
- 11. Intersession
- 12. Bi-Weekly rotation







Day A	Timmy grade 6 Team 1	LIsa Grade 6 Team 2	Shannon Grade 6 Team 3
8:25-8:55	30 min Flex	30 min Flex	30 min Flex
8:56-10:16	80 min ELA	80 min MATH	45 minutes Science
10:17 - 11:00	45 min Science	45 min Social Studies	80 min STRIDE
11:04 - 11:36	LUNCH	LUNCH	LUNCH
11:36-12:56	80 min MATH	80 min STRIDE	45 min Social Studies
12:58-1:43	45 min Social Studies	45 min Science	80 min MATH
1:45-2:55	80 min STRIDE	80 min ELA	80 min ELA

	Day A	Day B	Day C	Day E	Total Min a Year
Writing / Reading	80 pm	45 PM	60 AM	80 PM	8800
Math	80 am	45 AM	45 AM	80 PM	8800
World Language		80 AM	30 AM		8200
Science	45 am	45 PM	80 PM		8200
Social Studies	45 pm		80 AM		8200
PE / Health					8200
Transdisciplinary				120 AM	3600
Digital Literacy					3600
Home Economics					3600
S.T.R.I.D.E.	80 pm	80 PM	30 PM	45 PM	
Special Ed					4000
Steam					3600
Flex	30 AM	30 AM 30 PM	30 PM	30 AM	4000

August

September

October

М	Т	W	Th	F
		22	23	24
27	28	29 First Day	30	31
		A	В	A

M	Т	W	Th	F
No School	A	5 C	A	7 B
No School	A	** 12 C	A	14 B
A	*18 B	No School	*20 C	A
A	*25 B	С	*27 B	A

M	Т	W	Th	F
A	*2 B	A	*4 C	5 B
No School	9 B	A	11 B	A
A	16 C	17 B	18 C	В
A	Eve. Con- ferences	A	Eve. Con- ferences	A
A	30 B	С		

November

M	Т	W	Th	F
			1 C	2 B
A	Election Day PL Sessions	С	8 B	Α
Ed Week	13 E	14 E	15 E	16 E
19 C	20 E	21 E	No School	No School
A	27 B	A	29 B	Α

December

M	Т	W	Th	F
3 A	4 B	5 A	6 C	7 B
10 A	11 C	12 B	13 A	14 B
17 A	18 B	19 A	20 C	21 B
No School	No School	No School	No School	No School

January

M	Т	W	Th	F
	No School	2 A	3 C	4 B
7 A	8 B	9 A	10 B	11 A
14 A	15 B	16 C	17 A	18 B
No School	22 A	23 B	24 A	25 B
28 A	29 B	30 A	31 C	

February

M W Th F 1**B** 5**B** 6**A** 7**B A**8 12**B** 14**C** 15**B** 13**A** No School 21**E** 20**E** 22**E** School Min Day Evening Min Day Afternoon 25**B** 27**B** Conferences

March

M	Т	W	Th	F
				1 B
4 A	5 B	6 C	7 B	8 A
11 A	12 B	13 C	14 B	District PL DAY
18 A	19 B	20 C	21 A	22 B
25 A	26 B	27 A	28 B	29 B

April

M	T	W	Th	F		
1 A	2 B	3 A	4 B	5 A		
8 A	9 B	10 C	11 A	12 B		
Spring Recess						
22 A	23 B	24 C	25 B	26 A		

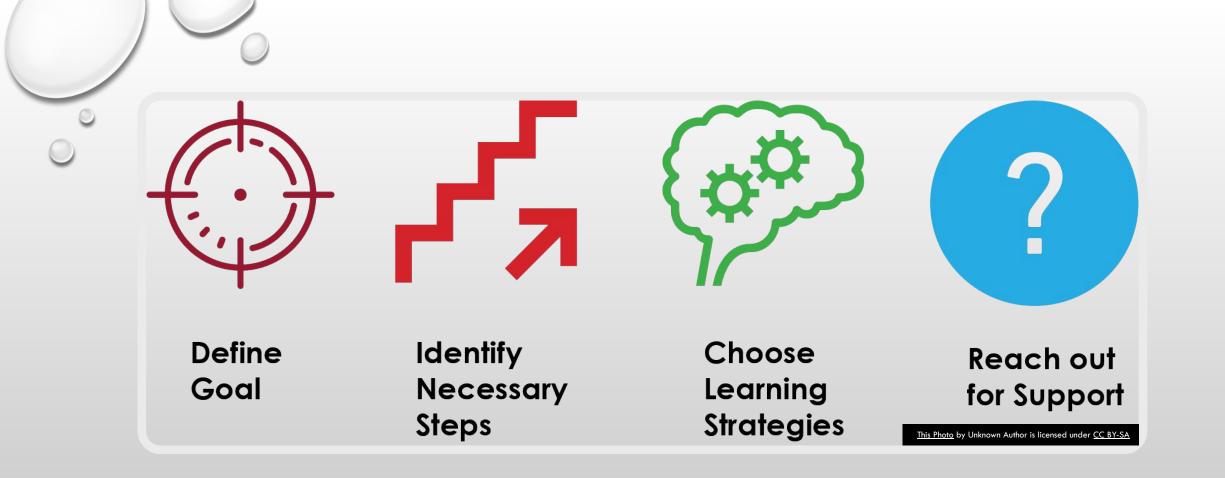
May

M	Т	W	Th	F
		1 A	2 C	3 B
6 A	7 B	8 A	9 B	10 A
13 A	14 B	15 A	16 C	17 B
20 C	21 E	22 E	District Spelling Bee	24 E
No School	28 B	29 C	30 B	31 C

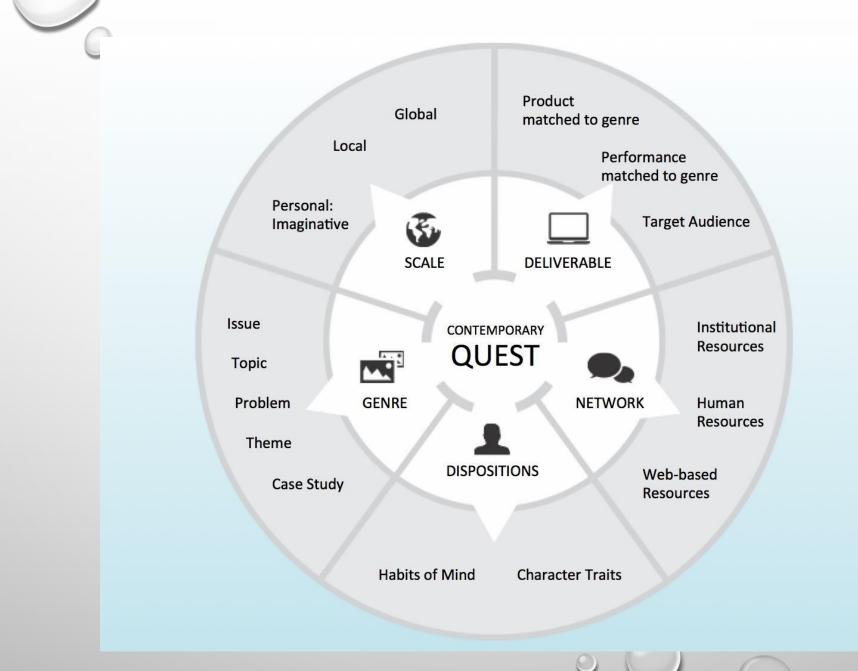
June

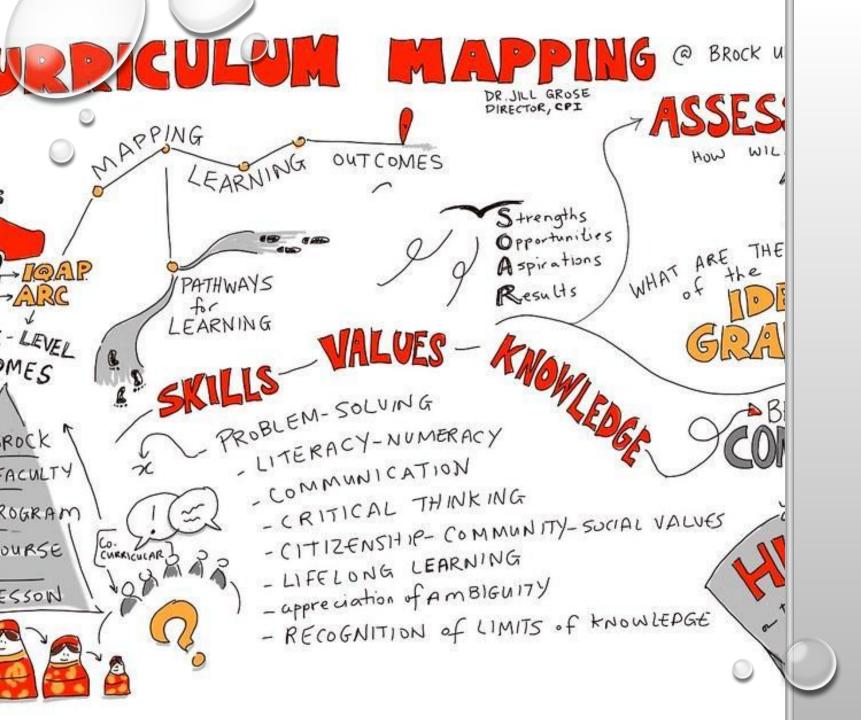
M	Т	W	Th	F
3 C	4 E	5 E	6 E	7 E
10 C	11 E Last Day	12	13	14
17	18	19	20	21
24	25	26	27	28

What is the future of learning environments?



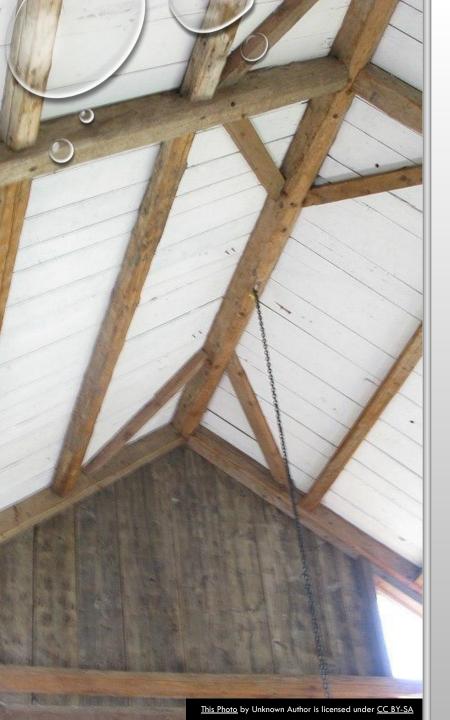
WHAT IS THE FUTURE OF LEARNING?





CURRICULUM INSTRUCTION AND ASSESSMENT

- SMALLER CURRICULUMS
- MORE FIELD STUDY AND INTERNSHIPS
- SPACES FIT INSTRUCTIONAL TYPES
- LEARNING HAPPENS
 EVERYWHERE



HOW ARE WE BUILDING ENGAGEMENT?

Framing the Learning

- WHAT AM I LEARNING?
- WHY AM I LEARNING IT?
- HOW AM I LEARNING IT?
- HOW WILL I KNOW IF I LEARNED IT?
- HOW DO I FEEL ABOUT LEARNING IT?

WHAT IS THE FUTURE OF DEPARTMENTS?

	Key Terms				
Wellness Block	Heart Mind Body Balance Healthy Spirit	Physical Education	Guidance	Religion / Advisory	Elective
Media Block	Media Literacy Ensemble Expression Joy Critical Thinking Design Creative Process	Art	Music	Library/Media	Elective
STEM Block	Decision making Argument Scientific method Engineering Logic Observation History	Science	Humanities	Mathematics	Elective
Communication Block	Reading Writing Listening Speaking Dialogue Multilingual Leadership Narrative	Classical Literacies	Digital Literacies	World Languages	Elective
Community Block	Action Decision making Problem solving Sustainability Collaboration Service	Civics	Public Service	Social Media	Elective



WHAT IS THE FUTURE OF THE INDUSTRY CENTER?

- LOCAL INDUSTRY
- STATE LEVEL FUTURE INDUSTRIES

Examples of Community Assets that Might be Included in an Asset Map

Individuals:

Older adults

TANF recipients

Entrepreneurs

People with disabilities

Youth

Artists

Students

Parents

Gifts, skills, capacities,

knowledge and traits of:

Associations:

Animal care groups

Anti-crime groups

Block clubs

Business organizations

Charitable groups

Civic event groups

Special needs groups

Education groups

Elderly groups

Environmental groups

Institutions:

Schools

Universities

Community colleges

Hospitals

Libraries

Social service agencies

Nonprofits

Museums

Fire departments

Media

Physical Space:

Gardens

Parks

Playgrounds

Parking lots

Bike paths

Forest/forest preserves

Picnic areas

Campsites

Fishing spots

Duck ponds

Local Economy:

Business

Consumer expenditures

Merchants

Chamber of commerce

Business associations

Banks

Credit unions

Foundations

Institutional purchasing

power

NETWORKING AND ASSET MAPPING



Off-campus: PLACE-BASED Learning

- Field experiences
- Internships
- Site visits
- Authentic learning opportunities





WHAT IS THE FUTURE OF THE COMMUNITY RELATIONSHIP?





HEALTHY THRIVING COMMUNITIES







WHAT IS THE FUTURE OF SAFETY?





Teachers inventory their existing classrooms and move furniture in and out; consider shelving and furniture placement.

Replace dated standard seating with a wide range of chairs, tables that are ergonomically matched to the age and stage of the children.









Moving beyond our 19th century notion of school, learning spaces are designed around specific student populations and their needs.

1. REARRANGE **CLASSROOM SPACES**

2. UPGRADE & REPLACE **FURNITURE**



7. NEW FORMS OF MODERN LEARNING **ENVIRONMENT**

LEARNING SPACE SPECTRUM

H.H. JACOBS (2017)

3. REPURPOSE & REMODEL LEARNING SPACES THROUGHOUT SCHOOL

Imaginative shifts in

walls, open spaces, rethinking libraries, joining classrooms, creating alcove spaces, and open places for informal student interaction.



NEW SCHOOL DESIGN WITH A WIDE ARRAY OF

5. EMPLOY **OUTDOOR &** COMMUNITY **SPACES**

4. DESIGN & BUILD AN **ADDITION TO** AN EXISTING STRUCTURE BOTH **EXTERNAL &** INTERNAL



When the fundamental school structure is viable, an addition can be added as well as portable meeting spaces.



Educators, students, and community collaborate with architects to shape new school concept after site visits and research.

H.H. Jacobs

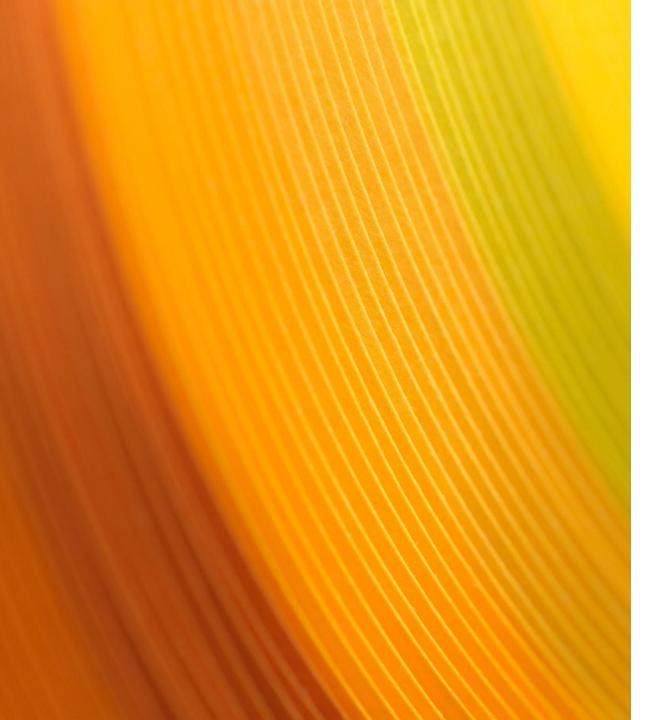


Reimaging curricular opportunities through developing outdoor spaces both in the immediate area of the school; and in the community.

CONTINUUM FOR PROGRAM STRUCTURES

Research and Development Action Plans

Research Teams (who, when, where)	Research Sources (who, when, how, where)	Share Findings (when, where, how)	Prototype 1	Prototype 2	Prototype 3



Questions Comments Takeaways





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