



School Security: The Approach at Sandy Hook

Presentation by:

Julia McFadden, AIA, Svigals + Partners

Phil Santore, DVS Security Consultants

Agenda

1. Standards for school security
2. Developing a security program
3. The 3 legs of school security
 - + Security through architecture
 - + Security through technology
 - + Security through operations
4. Questions

Security Standards Development

- + What is being done to generate standards for security?
 - No standards from building code, security industry, or other recognized sanctioning body.
 - There continues to be work done at the federal and state level, but still no true “standards” have been developed or legislated.
 - Wide variance in school setting and demographic make standard development difficult.
 - *Establish security program guidelines:*
 - Threats
 - Vulnerabilities
 - Subsequent risks

Security Program Development

- + How can a district work to develop its own standards?
 - Assemble a multidisciplinary security working group
 - Determine resource base/commitment
 - Identification of threats
 - Understand vulnerabilities resulting from threats
 - Assign risk profile
 - Develop mitigation strategies using the three legs of school security

- + Lots of information is available to help
 - FEMA
 - U.S. Department of Education
 - U.S. Department of Homeland Security
 - Consultants and SMEs

Three Legs of School Security



Architecture

School Layout
Traffic
Sightlines
Fencing
Portals



Technology

Surveillance
Access Control
Alarm Point
Monitoring
Communications



Operations

Staffing
Policies
Procedures
Training

Uncompromising Architecture

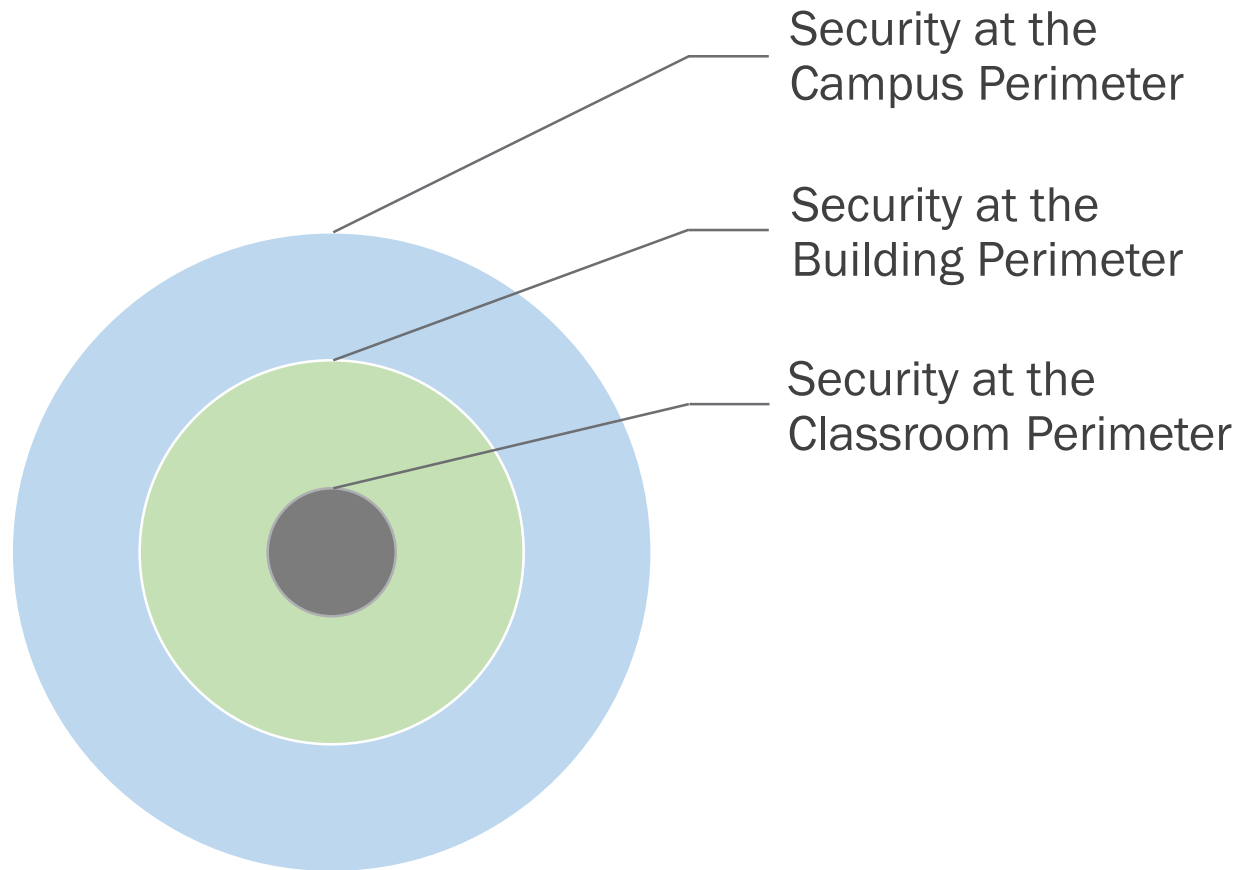
Elements of a Nurturing Learning Environment

- + Welcoming Entry
- + Sense of “Home”
- + Coherent Circulation
- + Daylight / Views / Air
- + Nature / Biophilia



Security through Architecture

Using Layers to Deter, Detect and Delay



Security through Architecture

Site Strategies

+ Define Area / Express Ownership

- Fences
- Gates / Intercom
- Streetscape
- Natural Features / Modify Landscape
- Signage / Lighting
- Barriers

+ Maximize Natural Surveillance

- View Corridor to/from Building Entry
- “Eyes on the Street”





Security through Architecture

Security at the Campus Perimeter

+ Person Interdiction

- Are fences helpful or do they require too much manpower and maintenance?
- Is it reasonable to expect to stop someone from walking onto the campus?

+ Parking Management

- Controlled lots
- Early warning of approaching vehicles
- Traffic plan and visitor parking

+ Vehicle Interdiction

- Streetscape
- Landscape
- Barriers



Security through Architecture

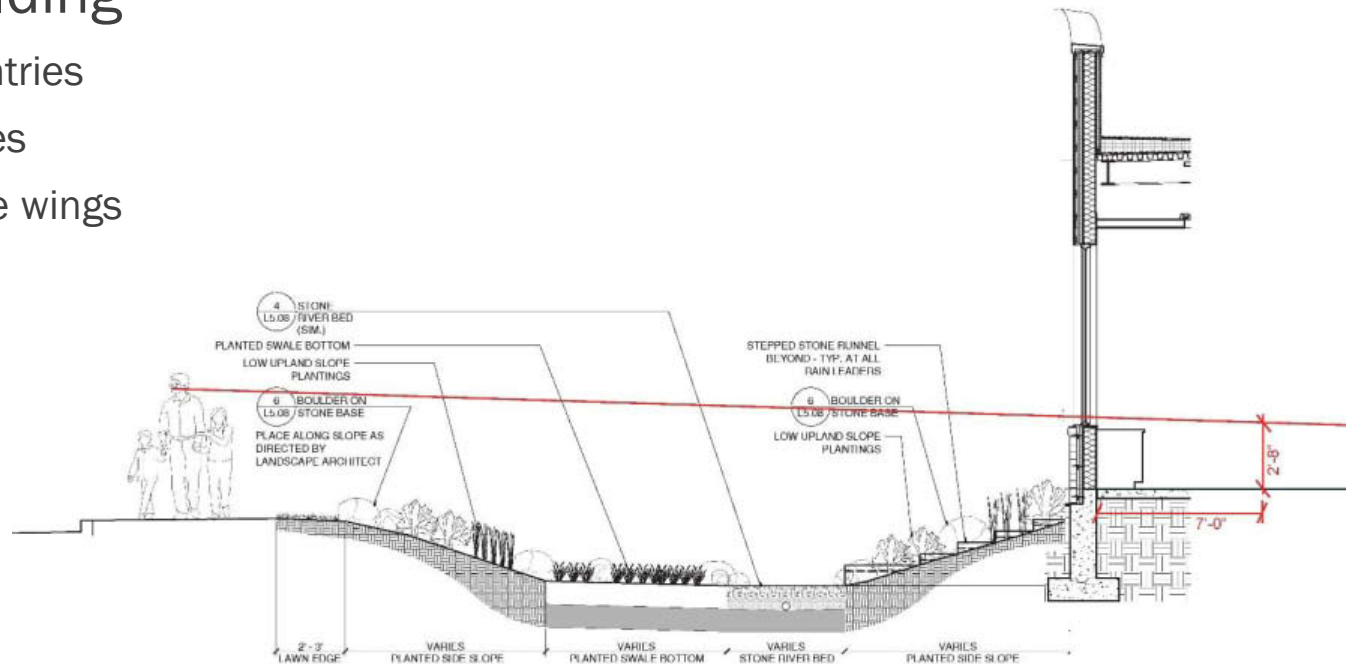
Building Strategies

+ Discourage Easy Access

- Plinthing the building
- Landscaping

+ Layer the Building

- Managed entries
- Public spaces
- Partitionable wings



Security through Architecture

Security at the Building Perimeter

+ Visitor Management

- Visitor arrival and vetting process
- Secure vestibule at building entrance
- Placement and use of administrative areas/offices

+ After Hours School Areas

- Partitioning of after hours facilities from classroom areas of the building
- Dedicated restroom and janitorial facilities

+ Perimeter Windows / Doors

- Laminated glass, bullet resistant assemblies
- Exterior access points



Security through Architecture

Approaches for the Classroom

+ The Classroom as a Safe Room

- Door / Wall construction
- Forced entry resistance
- Alternate escape route?

+ Views In / Out

- Sidelites / Door lites
- Operable exterior windows

+ Door Hardware

- Ease of mind

+ Communication

- Phones / PA system
- Panic button
- Cell phones / text message



Security through Technology

Designing the Right Tools for the Environment



Is this man effectively monitoring video cameras?

+ Common Technology Pitfalls/Misconceptions:

- Technology supports security, and more tools provide more security
- Support tools and technology should form the basis of any security program
- Security staff are incredibly efficient and effective at using security technology tools

Security through Technology

Designing the Right Tools for the Environment

+ Technology Design - Best Practices:

- Design the security program first, then the supportive tools to go with it
- Use technology as a tool to help mitigate your school's risk profile
- Understand your manpower and what they are capable of
- Organize and implement your security technology so it can be used as a force multiplier



Security through Technology

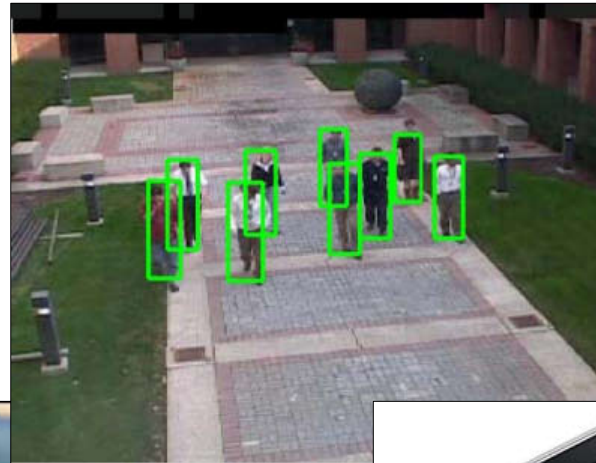
Designing the Right Tools for the Environment

+ Technology Design – Most Common System Elements:

- Alarm monitoring of perimeter doors
- Access control for building and city staff
- Semi-automated dispatch and lockdown capabilities
- Video surveillance of entryways and perimeter locations
- Digital video recording for archival
- Local monitoring capabilities
- Networking of multiple schools for centralized monitoring

Security through Technology

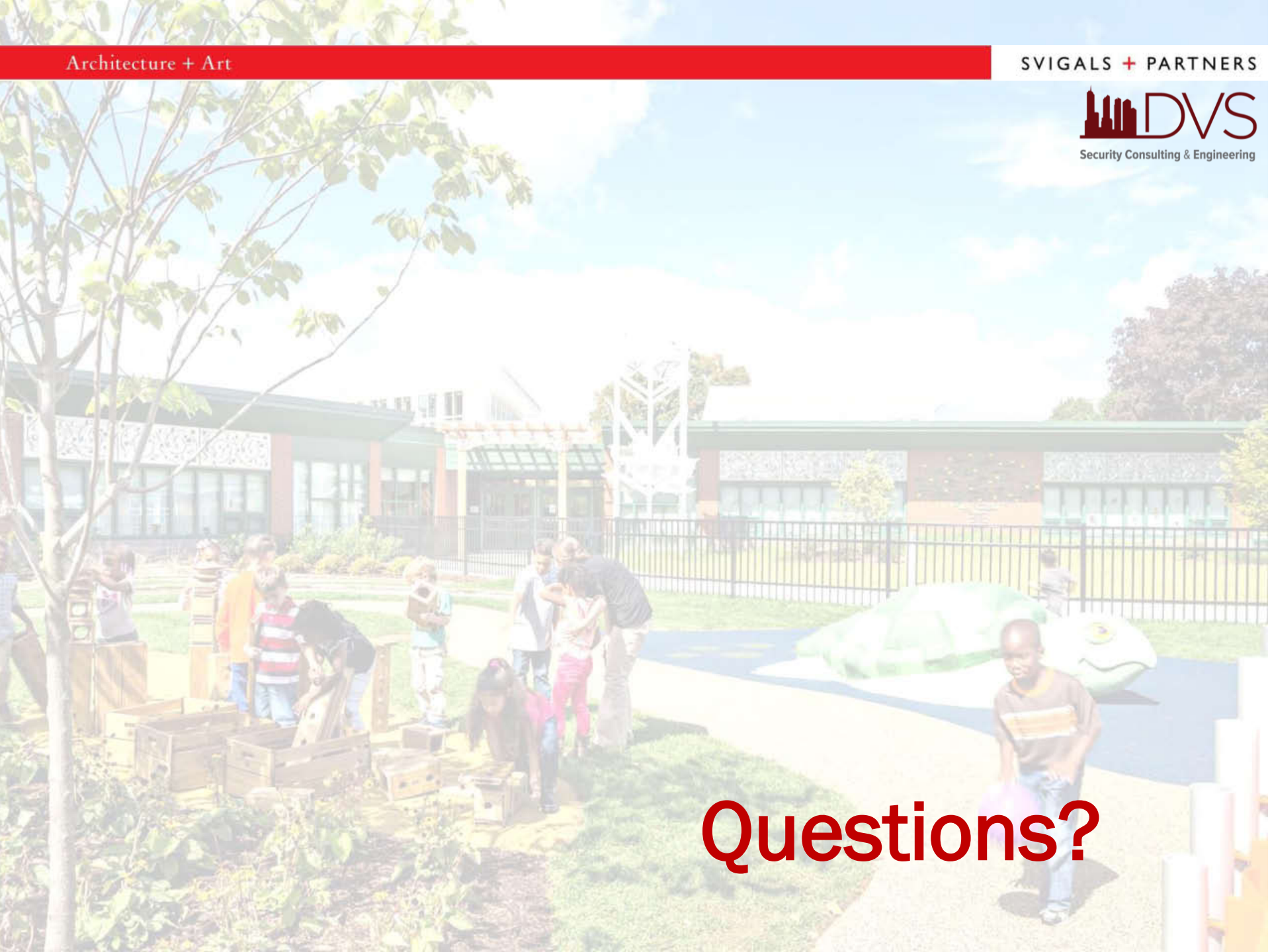
A Few Advanced Tools for Particular Applications



Security through Operations

- + It all comes down to a live, thinking human being (no robots...yet)
 - Situational awareness – what is happening around and in my school?
 - C3I – Communications, Coordination, Control, and Information
 - The value of the permanent post
 - Training, training, training
 - Staff (after hours)
 - Teachers (after hours)
 - Other town or district stakeholders
 - How are operations affected by the type of school?





Questions?