JASPER SHARED SCHOOL FACILITY

A BRIDGING PERSPECTIVE

Robert Rabinovitch M.Arch., Architect, AAA, SAA, MRAIC



History – Jasper Junior / Senior High School

- Originally constructed in 1952 with additions in 1958, 1967, and 1987. Interior renovations also completed in 1987
- School Facility Evaluation conducted in 1999 identified that the existing Jasper Junior/Senior High School was in need of extensive interior and exterior upgrades.
- September 2003 École Desrochers established and was housed in 2 classrooms within Jasper Junior/Senior High School as well as a double portable classroom.

 Development Permit on portable classrooms was scheduled to expire in 2006.

History – Jasper Junior / Senior High School

- Jasper High School Shared Facilities Study Concept Development Report completed in October 2005
- September 2006 École Desrochers moved into renovated space within the Royal Canadian Legion.
- Value Analysis Design Charrette for the Jasper Junior/Senior High School / École Desrochers Project was conducted in February 2008.



History – Jasper Junior / Senior High School

- → The Workun Garrick Partnership retained in September 2011 for the:
 - Jasper- Greater North Central Francophone Education Regional K-12 School (École Desrochers) &
 - Jasper- Grande Yellowhead Public School Division 7-12 School (Jasper Junior/Senior High School)
 - Revised Project Name to Jasper Shared School Facility to better reflect the nature of the project.



Bridging - Project Team

- Architectural The Workun Garrick Partnership Architecture and Interior Design Inc.
- Structural Scheunhage Popek & Associates Ltd.
- Mechanical Hemisphere Engineering Inc. (now MCW Hemisphere Ltd.)
- Electrical JO Engineering Inc.
- Landscape / Civil ISL Engineering and Land Services











Client / Interested Parties

Client Alberta Infrastructure

School Boards Grande Yellowhead Public School Division Conseil Scolaire Centre-Nord

Other Parties Parks Canada Municipality of Jasper **Parents** Community







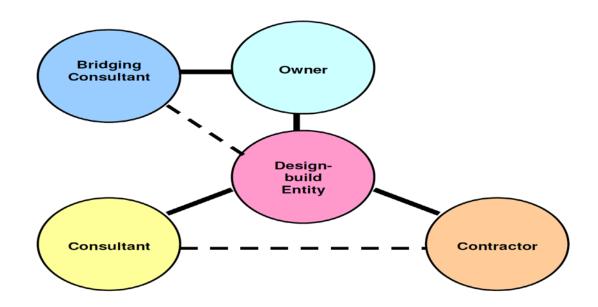




Role of Bridging Consultant

Description

- The owner first hires a Bridging Consultant(s) to prepare a preliminary design and performance specifications for the project.
- The project is bid or negotiated in order to select the design-build team who will complete the design and construction.
- The design-build Consultant team completes the design.
- The design-build Contractor constructs the project.



Role of Bridging Consultant

Advantages

- There is a single point of responsibility,
- The contractor may be more motivated to provide cost savings and value to the owner, provided the Bridging Consultant does not insert too many restrictions in the performance requirements.

Disadvantages

 There is risk that the bridging consultant cannot adequately define the needs, resulting in an unknown end product.

Challenges

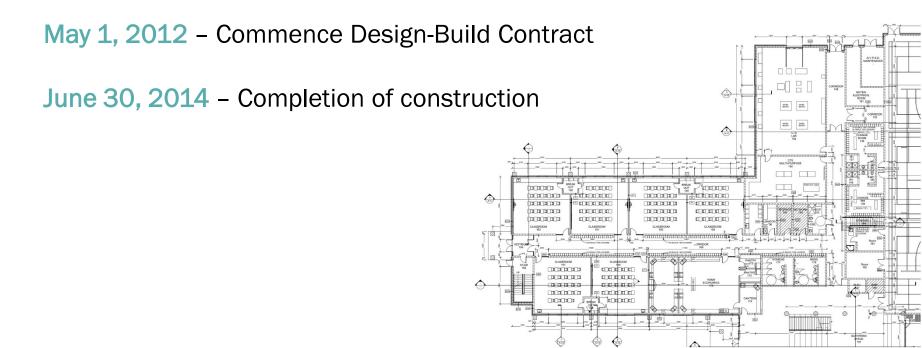
 Trying to convey to the Design-Build Team 100% of the clients needs and wants on 30% drawings.

Project Schedule (as established by Alberta Infrastructure)

January 15, 2012 – Complete combined school Schematic Design

February 15, 2012 – Apply for Development Permit with Parks Canada

March 1, 2012 – Submit final Technical Performance Specifications for the design and construction document



Background Information

Jasper Junior/Senior High School Grande Yellowhead Public School Division

Preliminary Program

375 Student Capacity 7-12 School

Total Building Area

Preliminary Program

Jasper Junior/Senior High School

 No modulars allowed in National Park

Instructional Area (11 Teaching Stations)		
Classrooms (5 @ 80m²)	400 m ²	
Science Classroom	120 m ²	
Ancillary		
1 @ 130 m²	130 m ²	
2 @ 90 m²	180 m ²	
Information Services	115 m ²	
CTS Classroom (2 @ 142 m²)	285 m ² 645 m ²	
Gymnasium	645 m ²	
Gymnasium Storage	160 m ²	
Library	160 m	
Total Instructional Area	2,100 m ²	2,100 m ²
Non-Instructional Area		
Administration and Staff Support Areas	227 m ²	
Basic Wrap Around Services	20 m ²	
Flexible Space	90 m ²	
Accessible Washroom	12 m ²	
Student and Public Washrooms	45 m ²	
Physical Education Office and Change Rooms		
Recycle Room	11 m ²	
Server Network	40 m ²	
Mechanical and Meter Rooms	162 m ²	
Circulation Space	566 m ²	
Wall Area	253 m ²	
Storage Area	76 m²	
Total Non-Instructional Area	1,640 m²	1,640 m²
Total Core Building Area		3,740 m ²
Add Modular Classrooms (4 @ 100m²)		400 m ²

4,140 m²

Background Information

École Desrochers Conseil scolaire Centre-Nord

Preliminary Program École Desrochers

Preliminary Program

150 Student Capacity K-12 School

Instructional Area (7 Teaching Stations)

Classrooms (2@ 80m²)	160 m ²
Science Classroom	120 m ²
Ancillary	_
1 @ 130m²	130 m ²
1@ 90m²	90 m ²
Information Services	115 m ²
CTS Classroom	142 m ²
Gymnasium	430 m ²
Gymnasium Storage	43 m ²
Library	80 m ²

Total Instructional Area 1,310 m² 1,310 m²

Non-Instructional Area

Administration and Staff Support Areas	150 m ²
Basic Wrap Around Services	20 m ²
Flexible Space	48 m ²
Accessible Washroom	12 m ²
Student and Public Washrooms	24 m ²
Physical Education Office and Change Rooms	100 m ²
Recycle Room	11 m ²
Server Network	40 m ²
Mechanical and Meter Rooms	50 m ²
Circulation Space	348 m ²
Wall Area	158 m ²
Storage Area	44 m ²

Total Non-Instructional Area 1,005 m² 1,005 m²

Total Building Area 2,315 m²

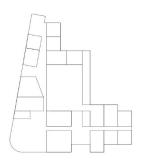
Background Information

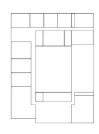
Combine Building Program

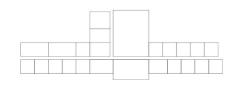
Overall Building Area of 6,455m²

→ Shared Spaces

- Gymnasium (3 stations)
- Library
- CTS Classrooms
- Multi-purpose Rooms
- Wrap-around Services







Other Considerations

- LEED Silver
 - Town / Public desire for LEED Gold or Platinum
 - Living Building disused
- Architectural Motif for the town of Jasper

Architectural Motif for the Town of Jasper

Objectives

- Describes design features and materials that are expected of all new and re-development in Jasper;
- Respects Jasper's character, history and traditional scale of development;
- Strengthen Jasper's image as a well designed mountain community;
- Presents a Palette of acceptable, natural inspired colours.

When do the Guideline's Apply?

The guidelines apply to the exteriors of all public and private new and re-developments within the Municipality of Jasper. This includes residential, commercial and institutional projects











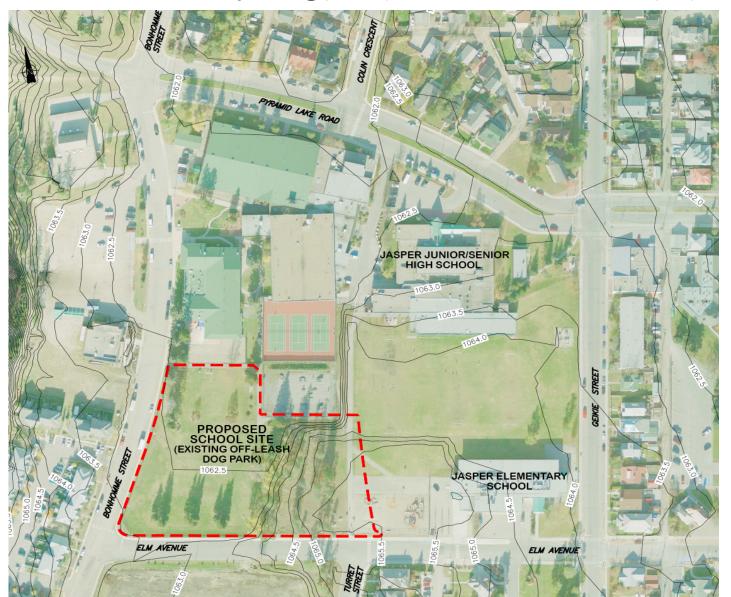
What Makes a Building Fit in Jasper

- The building is part of the landscape, not separate from it.
- The building uses simple, strong forms.
- The building creates a sense of enclosure.
- The roofs are dominant forms.
- The buildings use natural materials such as wood, traditional stone, and stucco.
- Buildings appear 'anchored' to the ground with a solid base
- Fire resistant native plant species are encouraged for landscaping
- Variance was required to allow the building to have flat roofs



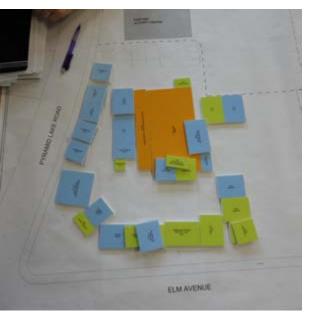
Site

The site was currently a dog park (no available sites in Jasper)



Design Charrette

- 1 day session conducted on Oct 27, 2011
- Committee divided into 3 groups.
- Asked to come up with preliminary design concepts for the facility.
- Concentrate on relationship of 2 schools and relationship of individual spaces within each school.
- Team Members from The Workun Garrick Partnership provided assistance with each group to help move the process along







Design Charrette

- After much discussion, two (2) main design concepts seemed to have the most support from the committee.
 - Locating École Desrochers on the second level near the elementary school, to allow for direct access by the elementary students to the adjacent playground at Jasper Elementary School
 - 2) Using the corner of the site for a prominent design element such as a Library.
- Committee took a break while The Workun Garrick Partnership worked on developing the various schemes to see if consensus on a preferred scheme could be developed.



Building Sub-Committee Report

Energy

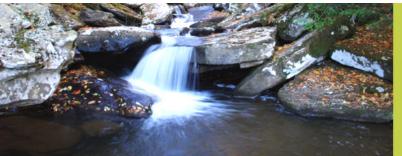
- Groundwater geothermal system.
- Photovoltaic system (solar panels).

→ Water

- Reduce water consumption through low flush toilets, automatic flush valves and faucets, etc.
- Manage storm water on site.
- Grey water recycling

→ Health

- Windows in all classrooms and provide natural light to all teaching spaces.
- Provide ventilation (fresh air) to al spaces within the building.
- Provide an area for a living wall to be incorporated into the building.







Building Sub-Committee Report

→ Site

- Use open cell concrete blocks for parking areas.
- Limit parking to a minimum and maintain as much green space as possible.
- Provide a roof top garden

Equity

- School should be all inclusive, encourage community use of the school.
- Ensure the building is handicap accessible.

Beauty

- Use natural colours that reflect the surrounding area.
- Rooms to be open so that people can see in and you can see the building systems.







Site Plan



Main Floor Plan



Second Floor Plan



Jasper Junior/Senior High School Main Entry



Library



École Desrochers Main Entrance



École Desrochers East Entrance













1200, 10117 JASPER AVENUE EDMONTON, AB T5J 1W8

P: 780.428.1575 F: 780.428.0326 RRABINOVITCH@WORKUNGARRICK.COM

WWW.WORKUNGARRICK.COM

ROBERT RABINOVITCH, PARTNER